

## 2022 年全国硕士研究生入学统一考试

## 管理类专业硕士学位联考英语（二）试卷---答案详解

## 1. 【答案】B

【解析】考察形容词词义，根据下文的 a job like any other 可知 B 选项 normal 词义符合。

## 2. 【答案】B

【解析】考察动词词义及用法，题目选项 A, B 都可以和介词 with 搭配，选项 C, D 没有类似的搭配，但空格处表达的意思是比较，所以 B 选项是答案。

## 3. 【答案】A

【解析】考察上下文句间的逻辑关系，根据文段所在句的逻辑，主从句属于条件关系，所以 A 选项 if 是答案。其余选项逻辑意思均不符合。

## 4. 【答案】D

【解析】考察形容词词义，从句提到如果你有一份支付账单的工作，后文的表达中 D 选项 easy 符合文义，所以 D 选项是正确答案。A 选项足够的 B 选项

## 5. 【答案】C

【解析】考察动词词义，根据空格后面的句子看到讲的是一种现象，所以 C 选项 remember 是正确答案，A 选项，接受，B 选项解释，D 选项认为，推断，词义均不符合语境。

## 6. 【答案】A

【解析】考察形容词词义，空格所在句前一句提到 bestselling authors，根据上下文逻辑可以看出，A 选项符合语境含义。B 选项，明智的，C 选项，见多识广的，D 选项，精挑细选的，均不符合句子含义。

## 7. 【答案】C

【解析】考察动词词义，根据空格所在句子的意思，可以看出正确选项是 C，增补收入，其余选项，A 选项捐赠 B 选项生产 D 计算，均不符合句子意思。

## 8. 【答案】C

【解析】考察名词的词义，根据空格所在句后面的句子可以看出，空格处表示的是优先事项的问题，所以 C 选项是正确答案，其他选项词义不符合。

## 9. 【答案】B

【解析】考察动词词义，根据空格所在句前半句的目的短语，可以看出 B 选项 sacrifice，牺牲符合语境含义，A，highlight 突出，C 选项 continue 继续 D 选项探索，均不符合语境。

## 10. 【答案】B

【解析】考察名词词义，根据空格句的上下文逻辑可以看出，B选项 interest 是正确答案，其余选项意思均不符合。

## 11 【答案】C

【解析】考察连接词的含义及用法，空格所在句表达的是，尽管一些人可以一边听音乐一边写作，所以C选项“while”是正确答案。

## 12. 【答案】D

【解析】考察动词短语的含义，根据空格句的意思，削减做锻炼或者运动的量，可见D选项 cut down on 是正确答案。A选项 put up with 忍受，B选项 make up for 弥补 C选项 hang on to 紧跟不放，均不符合句子意思。

## 13. 【答案】D

【解析】考察句子逻辑，根据上下文句子逻辑，此处表达的是偶尔一次的社交活动，因此B选项 occasional 是正确答案。

## 14. 【答案】A

【解析】考察名词词义，根据空格所在句的整体意思，这里表达的是而不是一个耗费时间的习惯，可见A选项 habit 是正确答案，其他选项意思均不符合。

## 15. 【答案】A

【解析】考察形容词词义，根据空格处语境，这是一个比较艰辛的学习过程，可见A选项 tough 是正确答案，其余选项意思均不符合。

## 16. 【答案】D

【解析】考察介词短语的含义以及上下文逻辑，根据上下文逻辑可知空格处是，除了写作之外，可见D选项，in addition to,是正确答案。A选项，in place of 代替 B选项 in charge of 负责 C选项 in respond to 响应，意思均不符合。

## 17. 【答案】A

【解析】考察句间逻辑，根据上下文的意思，空格处表达的是它是一个不可缺少的支持，因此，A选项，indispensable 是正确答案。其余选项，B 创新的，C 看不见的，D 立即的，意思均不符合。

## 18. 【答案】D

【解析】考察形容词词义，根据文段上下文的逻辑，可知空格处指的是时间过的越快，因此，D选项 quicker 是正确答案，其余选项意思均不符合。

## 19. 【答案】C

【解析】考察副词词义，根据上下文文句子意思可知 C 选项 productively 是正确答案，A peacefully 平静地，B, generously 慷慨地，D gratefully 感激地，意思均不符合。

20. 【答案】D

【解析】考察固定短语的含义及用法，根据语境可知 D 选项 above all, 首先，最重要的是，是正确答案，A 选项 at most 至多，B 选项 in turn 反过来，C 选项 on average 平均，大体上，意思均不符合。

21. 【答案】D

【解析】细节题，通过题目里面关键词找到 but they're also from birds that live on farms using regenerative agriculture-special techniques to cultivate rich soils that can trap green-house gases. (但是他们也在一些有特殊技术的农场里) 可见 D. on specially designed farms (在特殊的农场里) 是答案。其余选项，

A. at a considerably low cost (无中生有)

B. at the demand of regular shoppers (无中生有)

C. as a replacement for organic eggs (无中生有)

22. 【答案】C

【解析】观点题，通过题目中的人名找到 The birds' waste then fertilizes fields. (鸟的排泄物又可以肥沃土地) 可见 C. creating a sustainable system (创造可持续的体系) 是答案。其余选项，

A. reducing the damage of worms (无中生有)

B. accelerating the disposal of waste (无中生有)

D. attracting customers to his products (无中生有)

23. 【答案】C

【解析】例子题，找到例子往前看找到 The egg industry's push is the first major test of whether animal products from regenerative farms can become the next premium offering. (测试这个是否能成为下一个产品) 可见 C. the potential of regenerative products (产品潜力) 是答案，其余选项，

A. the doubts over natural foods (走向相反)

B. the setbacks in the egg industry (走向相反)

D. the promotional success of supermarkets (无中生有)

24. 【答案】B

【解析】细节题，通过关键词找到 Young adults "really care about the plant says John Brunnquell, president of Eggs Innovations" They are absolutely altering the food chain beyond what I think even they understand what they're doing (年轻人确实愿意做出改变) 可见 B. are likely to buy climate-friendly eggs (愿意买鸡蛋) 是答案。其余选项，

- A. are reluctant to change their diet (走向相反)
- C. are curious about new foods (增加感情)
- D. are amazed at agricultural advances (无中生有)

25. 【答案】A

【解析】细节题,通过关键词找到 consumers paying more for premium(消费者会支付更多的钱)可见 A. Market prospects (市场前景) 是答案。 其余选项,

- B. Nutritional value (无中生有)
- C. Standard definition (无中生有)
- D. Moral implications (无中生有)

26. 【答案】D

【解析】细节题, 通过关键词找到 One in three Americans who are at least 40 have, or plan to have a job in retirement (三分之一的美国人决定退休还上班) 可见 D. more Americans are willing to work in retirement (更多美国人愿意退休之后上班) 是答案。 其余选项,

- A. over half of the retirees are physically fit for work (无中生有)
- B. the old workforce is as active as the younger one (无中生有)
- C. one in three Americans enjoy earlier retirement (走向相反)

27. 【答案】A

【解析】推断题, 等同于细节题, 通过题目里面的关键词找到 Other reasons, according to the study, include (还包含了很多其他原因) 可见 A. retirement may cause problems for them (退休可能产生很多问题) 是答案。 其余选项,

- B. Boredom can be relieved after retirement (以点盖面)
- C. the mental health of retirees is overlooked (无中生有)
- D. "unretirement" contributes to the economy (无中生有)

28. 【答案】C

【解析】细节题, 通过关键词找到 Americans are living longer (美国人活得更长了) 可见 C. longer life expectancy (寿命更长) 是答案。 其余选项,

- A. labor shortages (无中生有)
- B. population growth (无中生有)
- D. rising living costs (无中生有)

29. 【答案】D

【解析】细节题，通过关键词找到 Among the most popular ways they are doing this, the company said, is by reducing their overall expenses, (最流行的方法是省钱) 可见 D. spending less (少花钱) 是答案。其余选项，

A. investing more in stocks (无中生有)

B. taking up odd jobs (无中生有)

C. getting well-paid work (无中生有)

30. 【答案】A

【解析】细节题，通过关键词找到 The most challenging moments in life are getting married, starting a family and ultimately retiring, (人这一生最有挑战的时刻是结婚、生孩子和退休可见) A. unprepared (没有准备好) 是答案。其余选项，

B. unafraid (无中生有)

C. disappointed (无中生有)

D. enthusiastic (无中生有)

31. 【答案】C

【解析】两段题，文中两段都讲到破坏人们的选择，可见 C. undermine users' decision-making (破坏用户做决定) 是答案。其余选项，

A. improve user experiences (无中生有)

B. leak user information for profit (无中生有)

D. remind users of hidden costs (无中生有)

32. 【答案】D

【解析】例子题，读例子本身，例子当中出现 widely prevalent (普遍出现) 可见 D. their strong presence (一直出现) 是答案。其余选项，

A. their major flaws (无中生有)

B. their complex designs (无中生有)

C. their severe damage (无中生有)

33. 【答案】B

【解析】细节题，通过题目里面的关键词找到 Businesses should engage in conversations with IT, compliance, risk, and legal teams (公司应该和更多人聊一下) 可见 B. talk with relevant teams (和相关团队聊聊) 是答案。其余选项，

A. listen to customer feedback (无中生有)

C. turn to independent agencies (无中生有)

D. rely on professional training (无中生有)

34. 【答案】B

【解析】细节题，通过题目里面的关键词找到 this means prohibiting companies from using “confusing language or unnecessary steps (禁止公司使用误导的语言或者行为) 可见 B. protect consumers from being tricked (防止消费者被骗) 是答案。其余选项，

A. guide users through opt-out processes (无中生有)

C. grant companies data privacy rights (无中生有)

D. restrict access to problematic content (无中生有)

35. 【答案】B

【解析】细节题，通过题目里面关键词找到 Dark patterns also can be addressed on a self-regulatory basis (问题可以通过自律解决) 可见 B. businesses' self-discipline (公司自律) 是答案。其余选项，

A. new legal requirements (无中生有)

C. strict regulatory standards (无中生有)

D. consumers' safety awareness (无中生有)

36. 【答案】A

【解析】观点题，通过题目里面的 scientists 找到 scientists are unsure if their lessons can actually change behavior (科学家不确定是否真的可以改变行为) 可见 A. hard to determine (很难决定) 是答案。其余选项，

B. narrowly interpreted. (无中生有)

C. difficult to ignore (无中生有)

D. poorly summarized (无中生有)

37. 【答案】B

【解析】细节题，通过题干找到 behavior is easily measurable. (行为很容易被测量) 可见 B. It is a behavior easy to measure. (容易被测量) 是答案。其余选项，排除理由，

A. It is common among students. (无中生有)

C. It is important to students' health. (无中生有)

D. It is a hot topic in ethics classes. (无中生有)

38. 【答案】D

【解析】细节题，通过题干找到 ethics professors do not differ from other professors on a range of behaviors (道德加收和其他教授在行为上没有什么区别) 可见 D. are not necessarily ethically better (道德上没有更好) 是答案。其余选项，

- A. are seldom critical of their students (无中生有)
- B. are less sociable than other professors (无中生有)
- C. are not sensitive to political issues (无中生有)

39. 【答案】C

【解析】观点题，找到 Nina Strohminger 发现 but cannot rule out some unknown confounding variable (有些未知因素不能被剔除) 可见 C. uncertain (不确定) 是答案。其余选项，

- A. permanent 无中生有
- B. predictable 无中生有
- D. unrepeatable 无中生有

40. 【答案】C

【解析】观点题，找到原文提到了很多元素，可见 C. is a result of multiple factors (是多个元素整合) 是答案。其余选项，

- A. can bring psychological benefits (无中生有)
- B. can be analyzed statistically (无中生有)
- D. is a sign of self-development (无中生有)

41. 【答案】C

【解析】对应文段提到 This isn't something you can do overnight, (不能一蹴而就) 所以 C. Start low, go slow 是答案。

42. 答案: E

【解析】对文段提到 chest pain or pressure, severe shortness of breath or dizziness, or faintness (各种疾病)，可见 E. Listen to your body 是答案

43. 【答案】A

【解析】文段提到 Consistency (坚持) 可见 A. Make it a habit 是答案。

44. 【答案】F

【解析】对应文段提到 you can practice the moves. (你可以找到动机) 可见 F. Go through the motions 是答案。

45. 【答案】B

【解析】对应文段提到 Exercising with others (和别人一起锻炼)，可见 B. Don't go it alone 是答案。

46. 参考译文。

尽管我们尽了自己最大努力，有的时候我们的绘画极少能呈现我们最初的设想。光线的变化，绘画材

料的受限和经验技术的缺乏，往往意味着你最后实际取得的效果和最初的设想大不相同。

尽管令人沮丧和失望，但它对你并非全无益处。出乎意料的结果有两个好处：一，你很快学会如何应对失望，并意识到天无绝人之路。二，你也能很快学会适应，并对于绘画呈现的这些问题想出创造性的解决措施。摆脱思维的桎梏将成为你的第二天性。事实上，创造性的问题解决技能在日常生活中非常有用。有了它们，你也许在问题出现时更有可能找到一个解决措施。

47. 略。

48. 参考范文。

Visually presented in the column chart is that both overall and rural business volume of express mail service in China skyrocketed during three years from 2018 to 2020. In detail, the former leapfrogged between 51 billion at the outset and 83 billion two years later, while the latter witnessed a sharp increase by 18 billion in the meantime.

On closer inspection, three rationales for these two upsurge in the same direction can be analyzed as follows. To begin with, as online shopping springs up like mushrooms in rural areas, the amazing rise in sending and collecting packages is the byproduct and result of booming e-commerce. Plus, in this efficiency-first world, rural areas are influenced, so it is no wonder why productive fast delivery receives warmer welcome than surface mail. With technology developing at villages, the Catch-22 express once encountered can now be solved as easy as ABC, which can also explain these two surges.

To sum up, mailing is to sellers and buyers as sunlight is to flowers in the moment. In modern rural areas, reaching a conclusion that courier service will be more popular will be reasonable.